

# $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{MULTISCREEN}^{TM} \ \textbf{STABLE} \ \textbf{CELL} \ \textbf{LINE} \\ \textbf{RAT} \ \textbf{RECOMBINANT} \ \textbf{MU} \ \textbf{OPIOID} \ \textbf{RECEPTOR} \end{array}$

### PRODUCT INFORMATION

Catalog Number: Cr1350-1a

Lot Number: Cr1350-1a-051811

Quantity: 1 vial (2 x 10<sup>6</sup>) frozen cells

Freeze Medium: Sigma Freezing

Medium (C-6164)

Host cell: CHO dhfr

**Transfection**: Full-length rat Oprm1 opioid receptor cDNA (GenBank Accession Number L13069)

Recommended Storage: Liquid nitrogen upon receiving

Propagation Medium: Alpha-MEM,

10% FBS, 800 μg/mL G418

**Stability:** Stable for a minimum of 2 months in continuous culture

# **Data Sheet**

**Background:** Mu opioid receptor (MOR) is a receptor for beta-endorphin, inhibits neurotransmitter release by reducing calcium ion currents and increasing potassium ion conductance. MOR signaling and regulation are strongly agonist-dependent. MOR mediates positive reinforcement following direct (morphine) or indirect (alcohol, cannabinoids, nicotine) activation. MOR plays a genetic role in the control of gut inflammation. MOR-deficient mice are highly susceptible to colon inflammation, with a 50% mortality rate occurring 3 days after administration of TNBS that induces inflammation. MOR agonists regulate cytokine production and T cell proliferation and might be new therapeutic molecules in inflammatory bowel disease.

Application: Functional assays

#### Figure 1

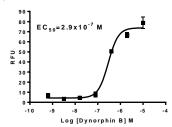


Figure 2

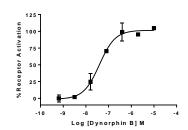


Figure 1. Dose-dependent stimulation of calcium flux upon treatment with ligand, measured with MULTISCREEN™ Calcium 1.0 No Wash Assay Kit (Multispan MSCA01). Figure 2. Dose-dependent inhibition of forskolin-stimulated intracellular cAMP level upon treatment with ligand, measured with MULTISCREEN™ TR- FRET cAMP 1.0 No Wash Assay Kit (Multispan MSCM01)

## References:

Chen et al. (1993) Molecular cloning and functional expression of a mu-opioid receptor from rat brain. *Mol Pharmacol* 44:8-12.

Contet et al. (2004) Mu opioid receptor: a gateway to drug addiction. Curr Opin Neurobiol 14:370-378.

Philippe *et al.* (2003) Anti-inflammatory properties of the mu opioid receptor support its use in the treatment of colon inflammation. *J Clin Invest* 111:1329-1338.

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