

MULTISCREEN<sup>TM</sup> DIVISION ARRESTED CELL LINE HUMAN RECOMBINANT RAT GPR91 RECEPTOR

## **PRODUCT INFORMATION**

Catalog Number: DCr1144-1

Lot Number: DCr1144-1-021523

Quantity: 1 vial (4 x 106) frozen cells

Freeze Medium: Amsbio Cellbanker 2

Host cell: CHO-K1

Transfection: Expression vector containing full-length rat GPR91 cDNA (GenBank Accession Number: AY612851.1) with FLAG tag sequence at N-terminus.

Recommended Storage: Liquid nitrogen upon receiving

Propagation Medium: DMEM/F12, 10% FBS, 10 µg/mL puromycin

# Data sheet

**Background:** GPR91, also known as SUCNR1, is a G Protein-Coupled Receptor with 339 amino acids. It has been characterized as a receptor for Succinate, a citric acid cycle intermediate. Succinate plays a key role in energy metabolism. Local interstitial accumulation of Succinate has recently been reported to serve as an indicator of ischemic or diabetic organ damage in the brain, liver, and kidney. In diabetes patients, the accumulation of Succinate a potential new biomarker of local tissue damage. It has also been shown that Succinate increases blood pressure in animals. The Succinate-induced hypertensive effect involves the renin-angiotensin system that is shown to be absent in GPR91-deficient mice. There is a possible role for GPR91 in renovascular hypertension, a disease closely linked to atherosclerosis, diabetes and renal failure. In a recombinant system overexpressing GPR91, Succinate was shown to not only stimulate calcium mobilization and inositol phosphate (IP) accumulation through the stimulation of Goq pathway but also to activate the Erk1/2 MAPK pathway and inhibit forskolin-stimulated cAMP accumulation through Goi pathway.

#### Application: Functional assays

Figure 1



Figure 1. Dose-dependent stimulation of calcium flux upon treatment with ligand, measured with Multiscreen™ Calcium 1.0 No Wash Assay Kit (Multispan MSCA01).

#### References:

He, W., Miao, F. J., Lin, D. C., Schwandner, R. T., Wang, Z., Gao, J., Chen, J. L., Tian, H. and Ling, L. (2004) Citric acid cycle intermediates as ligands for orphan G-protein-coupled receptors. *Nature*, 429: 188-193.

Peti-Peterdi, J. (2010) "High glucose and renin release: the role of succinate and GPR91." *Kidney International*, 78(12):1214-7

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