

# MULTISCREEN $^{TM}$ $\beta$ -ARRESTIN2 DIVISION-ARRESTED CELL LINE HUMAN RECOMBINANT GLP-1 RECEPTOR

### PRODUCT INFORMATION

Catalog Number: DCA1267BA2

Lot Number: DCA1267BA2-031723

Quantity: 1 vial (4 x 10<sup>6</sup>) frozen cells

Freeze Medium: Cellbanker 2

Host cell: HEK293T β-ARRESTIN2

**Transfection**: Expression vector containing full-length human GLP1R cDNA (GenBank Accession Number NM\_002062) with FLAG tag sequence at N-terminus and ARRB2 cDNA (GenBank Accession Number

NM\_004313.3)

Recommended Storage: Liquid nitrogen

upon receiving

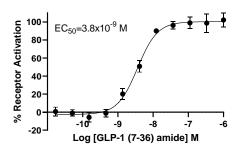
Propagation Medium: DMEM, 10% FBS

## **Data sheet**

**Background:** Glucagon-like peptide-1 receptor (GLP1R) is a G protein-coupled receptor for the endogenous insulinotropic peptide glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1). GLP1R is expressed in pancreatic cells and the nervous system, and mediate the effects of GLP-1 in regulating glucose homeostasis through multiple mechanisms including direct actions on the endocrine pancreas and indirect activation of central nervous system controlling gastric emptying, satiety, and body weight. In the brain, receptor activation elicits neurotrophic actions through protection against metabolic and oxidative insults. GLP1R is also implicated in plasticity, memory, and learning. Thus, GLP1R is a potential therapeutic target for both cognitive-enhancing and neuroprotective agents and in the treatment of stroke and Parkinsonism.

Application: Functional assays

## Figure 1



**Figure 1.** Dose-dependent stimulation from arrestin recruitment upon treatment with ligand, measured with MULTISCREEN<sup>™</sup> β-Arrestin Assay Kit (Multispan MSBA01).

### References:

During et al. (2003) Glucagon-like peptide-1 receptor is involved in learning and neuroprotection. Nature Med 9:1173-1179.

Dillon et al. (1993) Cloning and functional expression of the human glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1) receptor. *Endocrinology* 133:1907-1910.

Stoffel *et al.* (1993) Human glucagon-like peptide-1 receptor gene: localization to chromosome band 6p21 by fluorescence in situ hybridization and linkage of a highly polymorphic simple tandem repeat DNA polymorphism to other markers on chromosome 6. *Diabetes* 42:1215-1218.