

MULTISCREENTM DIVISION-ARRESTED CELL LINE HUMAN RECOMBINANT GIP RECEPTOR

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Catalog Number: DC1290 Lot Number: DC1290-100218

Quantity: 1 vial (4 x 106) frozen cells

Freeze Medium: Cellbanker 2

Host cell: HEK293T

Transfection: Expression vector containing full-length human GIPR cDNA (GenBank accession number NM_000164) with FLAG tag sequence

at N-terminus

Recommended Storage: Liquid

nitrogen upon receiving

Propagation Medium: DMEM, 10%

FBS

Stability: Stable 1-2 days after

thawing

Data sheet

Background: GIP (gastric inhibitory polypeptide) is released from the gastrointestinal tract, stimulates insulin secretion from pancreatic beta-cells, and plays a crucial role in the regulation of insulin secretion. Its receptor GIPR is expressed in the pancreas, stomach, small intestine, adipose tissue, adrenal cortex, pituitary, heart, testis, endothelial cells, bone, trachea, spleen, thymus, lung, kidney, thyroid, and several regions in the CNS. GIPR may have therapeutic potential in the treatment of type 2 diabetes and obesity.

Application: Functional assays

Figure 1

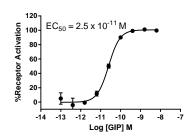


Figure 1. Dose-dependent stimulation of intracellular cAMP accumulation upon treatment with ligand, measured with Multiscreen™ TR-FRET cAMP 1.0 No Wash Assay Kit (Multispan MSCM01).

References:

Irwin et al. (2009) Therapeutic potential for GIP receptor agonists and antagonists. Best Pract Res Clin Endocrinol Metab 23:499-512.

Yamada et al. (1995) Human gastric ingibitory polypeptide receptor: cloning of the gene (GIPR) and cDNA. *Genomics* 29:773-776.