

MULTISCREENTM STABLE CELL LINE RABBIT RECOMBINANT OT RECEPTOR

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Catalog Number: Cb1299

Lot Number: Cb1299-071817

Quantity: 1 vial (2 x 10⁶) frozen cells

Freeze Medium: Sigma Freezing

Medium (C-6164)

Host cell: HEK293T

Transfection: Full-length Rabbit Oxtr cDNA (GenBank Accession Number NM_001195839.1) with FLAG-tag sequence at the N-terminus

Recommended Storage: Liquid

nitrogen upon receiving

Propagation Medium: DMEM, 10%

FBS, 1 µg/mL puromycin

Stability: In Progress

Data sheet

Background: Oxytocin (OT) is a member of the neurohypophyseal hormone family. OT receptors are found in uterine smooth muscle, myoepithelial cells in the mammary gland, and in the pituitary. OT stimulates contraction of uterine smooth muscle during labor and stimulates milk secretion in response to suckling. It has been postulated that OT may also facilitate social and bonding behaviors related to the reproduction and care of offspring. Further studies of the OT receptor are essential in gaining a better understanding of the mechanism and in vivo regulation of uterine function.

Application: Functional assays

Figure 1

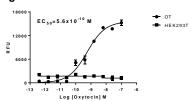


Figure 2

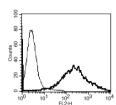


Figure 1. Dose-dependent stimulation of calcium flux upon treatment with ligand, measured with Multiscreen™ Calcium 1.0 No Wash Assay Kit (Multispan MSCA01). Figure 2. Receptor expression on cell surface measured by flow cytometry (FACS) using an anti-FLAG antibody. Thin line: parental cells; thick line: receptor-expressing cells.

References:

Gimpl and Fahrenholz (2001) The oxytocin receptor system: structure, function, and regulation. *Physiol Rev* 81:629-683.

Ivell et al. (2001) The structure and regulation of the oxytocin receptor. Exp Physiol 86:289-296.

Shojo and Kaneko (2000) Characterization and expression of oxytocin and the oxytocin receptor. *Mol Genet Metab* 71:552-558.